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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/574,611	04/05/2006	David W. Bacon	DBI-2	4213
39703 C. JAMES BUS	7590 12/02/200 SHMAN	EXAMINER		
5851 San Felipe		BASICHAS, ALFRED		
SUITE 975 HOUSTON, TX 77057			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			3743	
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			12/02/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

		Application No.	Annlicent/o)	
		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		10/574,611	BACON, DAVID W.	
Office Actio	n Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Alfred Basichas	3743	
The MAILING DA Period for Reply	TE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATU WHICHEVER IS LONG - Extensions of time may be avai after SIX (6) MONTHS from the - If NO period for reply is specific - Failure to reply within the set of	ER, FROM THE MAILING D lable under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.7 e mailing date of this communication. ed above, the maximum statutory period extended period for reply will, by statute e later than three months after the mailin	Y IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(3) ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the end of this communication, even if timely filed the communication is the communication.	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FIN</b> .  3) ☐ Since this applica	tion is in condition for allowa	September 2009. Is action is non-final. Ince except for formal matters, pro Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45		
Disposition of Claims				
4a) Of the above of 5) ☐ Claim(s) is 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-4,6-8,1</u> 7) ☐ Claim(s) is	/are allowed. <u>7/1</u> is/are rejected.	s/are withdrawn from consideratio	n.	
Application Papers				
10) ☐ The drawing(s) file Applicant may not re Replacement drawi	equest that any objection to the	er.  cepted or b) objected to by the E drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is obj xaminer. Note the attached Office	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §	119			
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>				
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (2) Notice of Draftsperson's Pal (3) Information Disclosure State (Paper No(s)/Mail Date (8/22/	ent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ement(s) (PTO/SB/08)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	nte	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election of Species X, figures 10-12, in the reply filed on September 23, 2009, is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). Claims 1-4, 6-8, and 17/1 read on the elected species. The remaining claims have been withdrawn from consideration.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States
- 3. Claims 1-3 and 6-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Wellington (5,862,858), which shows all of the claimed limitations. For example:
- 1. An apparatus for igniting a combustible medium in a tubular member in an earth borehole 3 in a subterranean formation comprising: an igniter assembly, said igniter assembly comprising: a support 10; a catalytic material 19,20 carried by said support, said catalytic material comprising a substance which reacts with a hydrogen-containing gas in the presence of

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an oxidizing gas to produce an exothermic reaction and a temperature sufficient to cause auto ignition of said hydrogen-containing gas (see at least col. 5, lines 36-62); a source of said hydrogen-containing gas (not shown, but inherent); and a source of said oxidizing gas (not shown, but inherent); and a tubular member 10,22 disposable in said borehole, said igniter assembly being positioned in said tubular member.

- 2. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said igniter assembly comprises an elongate tubular housing having a first end and a second end, said catalytic material being disposed in said tubular housing, said hydrogen-containing gas and said oxidizing gas being introduced into said first end of said housing, said hydrogen-containing gas being introduced under pressure into said tubular housing (see at least fig. 1).
- 3. The apparatus of claim 2, wherein said catalytic material is in the form of a tube disposed in said tubular housing (see at least fig. 1).
- 6. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said source of air comprises ambient air (inherent that the air would be at some point accumulated from the ambient).
- 7. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein said source of air comprises forced air (inherent that the air would have to be forced to travel down the hole at the necessary pressure).
- 8. The apparatus of claim 1, wherein there are a plurality of igniter assemblies positioned in said tubular member and staggered there along (see at least fig. 1), each of said igniter assemblies being associated with a burner (catalytic).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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5. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 6. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wellington (5,862,858) in view of Sweeney (6,446,426). Wellington discloses substantially all of the claimed limitations including a platinum group metal utilized in the catalytic material. Nevertheless, Wellington fails to specifically recite the metallic foam. Sweeney teaches a heat source utilizing a catalytic material including platinum carried by a metallic foam structure (see at least col. 6, lines 22-33). Sweeney teaches that such an arrangement provides for minimizing heat sink losses to the catalytic member (see at least col. 6, lines 10-21). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the claimed metallic foam as taught by Sweeney into the invention disclosed by Wellington, so as to provide for minimizing heat sink losses to the catalytic member.
- 7. Claim 17/1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wellington (5,862,858), which discloses substantially all of the claimed limitations including the hydrogen containing gas exhibiting an inherent pressure. Nevertheless, Wellington fails to specifically recite the claimed pressure range. While Wellington is silent on the specific measurements, it has been held that "When there is a design need

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or market pressure to solve a problem and there are a finite number of identified, predictable solutions, a person of ordinary skill has good reason to pursue the known options within his or her technical grasp. If this leads to the anticipated success, it is likely the product not of innovation but of ordinary skill and common sense. In that instance the fact that a combination was obvious to try might show that is was obvious under § 103." KSR Int'l Co. v. TeleflexInc., 127 S.Ct. 1727, 1742, 82 USPQ2d 1385, 1396 (2007). As for the specific range, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have incorporated the claimed range into the invention disclosed by Wellington since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior art, discovering the optimum or workable values or ranges involves only routine skill in the art. In re Aller, 105 USPQ 233; In re Swain, 156 F.2d 239. See also Peterson, 315 F.3d at 1330, 65 USPQ2d at 1382 ("The normal desire of scientists or artisans to improve upon what is already generally known provides the motivation to determine where in a disclosed set of percentage ranges is the optimum combination of percentages.").

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alfred Basichas whose telephone number is 571 272 4871. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday during regular business hours.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Tech Center telephone number is 571 272 3700.

December 2, 2009

/Alfred Basichas/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3743